

**1**—(1) This Act may be cited as the *Long Service Leave Act 1966*. Short title and citation.

(2) The *Long Service Leave Act 1956*, as subsequently amended, is in this Act referred to as the Principal Act.

**2** Section eight of the Principal Act is amended by inserting in paragraph (b) of subsection (2), after the word “and” (first occurring), the words “who has attained the age for retirement or”. Entitlement to long service leave.

## NOTIFICATION OF BIRTHS.

### No. 12 of 1966.

AN ACT to make provision with respect to the notification of births, and to repeal the *Notification of Births Act 1910*. [20 July 1966.]

BE it enacted by His Excellency the Governor of Tasmania, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and House of Assembly, in Parliament assembled, as follows:—

**1** This Act may be cited as the *Notification of Births Act 1966*. Short title.

**2** The *Notification of Births Act 1910* is repealed. Repeal.

**3** In this Act, “appropriate officer” means— Interpretation.

- (a) in relation to the districts comprised within the boundaries of the municipalities specified in Part I of the schedule—the Director of Public Health;
- (b) in relation to the districts comprised within the boundaries of the municipalities specified in Part II of the schedule—the Regional Medical Officer of Health, Launceston; and
- (c) in relation to the districts comprised within the boundaries of the municipalities specified in Part III of the schedule—the Regional Medical Officer of Health, Burnie.

**4**—(1) In the case of every child born in this State it is the duty of— Notification of births.

- (a) the father of the child, if he is actually resident in the house where the birth takes place at the time of its occurrence; or
- (b) any person (including the father of the child) in attendance on the mother at the time of, or within thirty-six hours after, the birth,

to give notice in writing of the birth to the appropriate officer in the manner provided in this section.

(2) A notice under this section shall be in a form approved by the Minister, and shall be sent by post or delivered to the appropriate officer at his office within thirty-six hours after the birth of the child to which it relates.

(3) The notice required to be given under this section is in addition to, and not in substitution for, the requirements of any Act relating to the registration of births, and a registrar of births and deaths is entitled, at all reasonable times, to have access to notices of births received by an appropriate officer under this Act and to any book in which those notices may be recorded, for the purpose of obtaining information concerning births which may have occurred in the registrar's district.

(4) A person who is required to give notice of a birth in accordance with this section and who fails to give that notice in accordance with the provisions of this section is liable to a penalty of ten dollars unless he proves that he had reasonable grounds to believe that the notice had been duly given by some other person.

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## THE SCHEDULE.

(Section 3.)

### PART I.

The municipalities of Hobart, Glenorchy, Clarence, Kingborough, Bruny, Esperance, Huon, Cygnet, New Norfolk, Hamilton, Bothwell, Green Ponds, Brighton, Richmond, Sorell, Tasman, Spring Bay, Oatlands.

### PART II.

The municipalities of Launceston, St. Leonards, Lilydale, George-Town, Beaconsfield, Westbury, Deloraine, Longford, Evandale, Campbell Town, Ross, Fingal, Glamorgan, Portland, Ringarooma, Scottsdale, Flinders.

### PART III.

The municipalities of King Island, Circular Head, Wynyard, Waratah, Zeehan, Gormanston, Queenstown, Strahan, Burnie, Penguin, Ulverstone, Kentish, Devonport, Latrobe.